Threatened and Endangered Species in Forests of Wisconsin

This publication was produced in 2000 as a joint project of:
Wisconsin Department of Natural
Resources - Division of Forestry and the
Bureau of Endangered Resources,
U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service,
The Nature Conservancy,
International Paper,
Stora Enso and
Plum Creek.
For more information, contact
Eunice.Padley@dnr.state.wi.us

and reference publication number FR-174



BEAK GRASS

(Diarrhena americana)

Federal Status: Not Listed State Status: Endangered

Description:

Beak grass grows about 3 feet tall with arching, dark green leaves which may be nearly 1 inch wide. The name "beak grass" comes from its fruits, which have a conspicuous blunt beak at the tip.



Habitat: This native Wisconsin plant is a perennial of wet woods, such as floodplain forests and shaded river banks. In some cases it also grows on the bank above the floodplain level.

Forestry Considerations: In those lowland woods where beak grass has been found, it is best to use single-tree or group-selection

silviculture conducted during the wintertime. Then the ground is solidly frozen and it is easier to avoid damaging this grass.

